

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS

TJUL 2 8 1995

Mr. William F. Caton Acting Secretary Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222 Mail Stop Code 1170 Washington, DC 20554

FCC MAIL ROOM

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Re:

Comments to PP Docket 95-263

Further Notice of Proposed Rule Making

90-314/ 93-252

Dear Mr. Caton:

Within the Commission's Sixth Report and Order, released July 18, 1995, the Commission failed to list in its Appendix C to the Order, the Comments of Richard L. Vega, Sr. which were submitted in a timely manner.

A copy of the cover letter submitted with my Comments, was stamped as received by the FCC Mail Room on July 7, 1995 (see attached). I can only conclude that the Commission either

- (a) failed to receive my Comments from their own Mail Room, or
- (b) incorporated my Comments with those of an affiliate, The Richard L. Vega Group.

submitted my Comments in the belief that the Commission's recent actions have severely impacted my chances as a small business, minority applicant in the forthcoming Block C Auction. In light of the Stay issued by the Court on July 27, 1995, I respectfully request that the Commission give proper consideration to my Comments which I am herein refiling, as well as to the Comments submitted by all the applicants representing small business, as well as those race-and-gender based applicants.

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The Richard L. Vega Group

Mr. William F. Caton Acting Secretary Federal Communications Commission July 27 1995 Page 2

In conclusion, I firmly believe that this Commission must commit itself to the development of Rules for the conduct of the entrepreneurial blocks auctions to permit entry to PCS by small business applicants (i.e. businesses with gross revenues less than \$6M annually), and, simultaneously, to the exclusion of "Deep Pockets" as a significant contributing "Partner".

Very truly yours,

Richard L. Vega, Sr.

RLV:sp Enclosures

cc: Ms. Regina M. Keeney

Chief of the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau

Federal Communications Commission

2025 M Street, Room 5002

Mail Stop Code 2000 Washington, DC 20554



STAMP and RETURN COPY

July 6, 1995

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Mr. William F. Caton Acting Secretary Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222 Mail Stop Code 1170 Washington, DC 20554

Re: Comments to PP Docket 95-263

Further Notice of Proposed Rule Making

JUL 2 8 1995

FOO MAIL ROOM

Dear Mr. Caton:

Enclosed herewith in an original and four (4) copies are Comments prepared by Richard L. Vega, Sr. in response to the Further Notice of Proposed Rule Making in PP Docket No. 95-263, released June 23, 1995.

Should the Commission have any questions concerning these matters, please contact the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard L. Vega, Sr.

RLV/lt Enc.

Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of	JUL 2 8 1995
Implementation of Section 309(j) of the Communications Act -	FCO MAIL TRULA
Competitive Bidding) PP Docket No. 93-253
Amendment of the Commission's Cellular PCS Cross-Ownership Rule)) GN Docket No. 90-314
Implementation of Sections 3(n) and 332 of the Communications Act Regulatory Treatment of Mobile Services)) GN Docket No. 93-252)

COMMENTS ON FURTHER NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

Richard L. Vega ("RLV") herein provides his Comments to the above Further Notice of Proposed Ruling Making. RLV has standing to file these Comments since he is the Managing Partner of an entity planning to participate in the PCS Auctions and is eligible for the Commission's small business and minority bidding credits.

The Commission has concluded, "reluctantly", that they must drop race-and-gender-based provisions, and adopt standards based solely on economic size. Further, somehow the Commission concludes that minority and women bidders will have a better chance of becoming successful PCS providers through the elimination of the previously adopted provisions. This Commentor believes the Commission has no authority to supersede, based on its own conclusions, the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 which authorized the FCC to award licenses by competitive bids, as well as directed the Commission to ensure that small businesses, rural telephone companies, and businesses owned by minority groups and women (collectively known as "Designated Entities") are to be given the opportunity to participate in the provision of spectrum-based PCS services.

After two years of conducting new PCS Rule Making proceedings, and after significant money has been spent by individuals and groups seeking the "boost-up" mandated by Congress, the Commission, because of the *Adarand* decision, tosses into the trash these months of effort and dollars spent by many, many committed parties, and issues a Further Notice of Proposed Rule Making ("FNPRM") on the matter at the eleventh hour. The FNPRM, at II., concludes that ".... our proposal to eliminate the race-and-gender-based measures is consistent with our duty to implement the Budget Act." Not so! The Commission's proposal, in this writer's opinion, sacrifices the race-and-gender-based provisions currently in the Rules for the fast buck to be earned by the conduct of the Auction.

PROM THE AUCTION PROCESS

The Commission has invited comments on how best to satisfy the goal of Congress relative to the issue of race and gender, without significantly delaying the license process. In response, this writer suggests that C and F Block licenses be awarded on a random selection basis (i.e. by a lottery). Since it is easy to accept the fact that there are a far greater number of race-and-gender-based minorities than those businesses or entities having revenues in excess of \$40 million, it is also easy to conclude that these same minorities would succeed in acquiring a license as a direct result of their statistical majority if licenses were awarded by a random selection process. Procedures for a lottery are already in place and can easily be implemented once a qualified Applicant submits his/her Form 175 identifying the market, or markets, for which the Applicant is interested in obtaining a PCS license. Lotteries would be held on a market by market basis with all eligible Applicants for each market participating in the lottery. Isn't the lottery process the fairest way to gain representation in an industry historically under-represented by minorities? Doesn't a lottery resolve all issues relative to the Court's decision mandating equal protection?

The Commission need not fret at the thought of lost revenue to the Government. Rules could be constructed that would require the lottery winner to pay for the license(s) won. The same Rules would also grant the most favorable

payment terms to the winner of each lottery; without regard to race and/or gender,

big business or small business. One payment plan for all! As a starting point for

discussion, this writer would suggest that each market be assigned a value of

\$1.00 per pop on which the lottery winner would be required to pay interest only

over a six-year period and then payments of principal and interest amortized over

the remaining four years of the license term; the payment of interest would be

identical to the 10-year U.S. Treasury rate.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard L. Vega, Sr.

Chairman

The Richard L. Vega Group

235 Hunt Club Blvd.

Longwood, FL 32779

Dated: July 6, 1995